Munna Khan, Shabana Mehfuz, Ghazala Perveen Khan

Department of Electrical Engineering Jamia Millia Islamia University, New Delhi, India **P.N. Goswami**

Director Satyug Darshan Technical Campus, Faridabad, India

Abstract: The aim of the present paper was to compare the 2C molecular level, 3C water molecular level and 3C mineral molecular level of Indian subjects. %BF were calculated using different equations. For 2C molecular level Siri 2C body equation developed in year 1956 was used. For 3C water molecular level Siri developed 3C equation in 1961 which was more accurate than the Siri 2C body composition equation. For 3C mineral molecular level Lohman in 1986 devised a 3C model that accounts for variability in the relative mineral content of the FFB. These equations were used to calculate BF% of Indian subjects. The results obtained were then validated with the prediction equations developed from the clinical data of Maltron-II Body composition analyser and it was found that the results were in close proximity with the results obtained from instrument. In addition to this statistical Analysis of the data is carried out with the help of statistical software R version (2.12.1) which is useful to study the correlation obtained from the the Instrument, and that obtained by scientists. Further different other parameters of statistics is formulated in tabular form.

Keywords: Bio Electrical Impedance Analysis, Body composition models, Body density (BD), Fat mass, Fat Free Mass (FFM), Total Body Water (TBW), Protein, Mineral.

1. INTRODUCTION

Developing accurate body composition model and methods for evaluating and monitoring the health status of the country is the need of the hour. Different methods have been used till date and scientists have been working since decades to develop and design the appropriate method which could accurately calculate the body fat. Working on different body compartment models is one such concrete step in Human Body composition Analysis. For our study we have used Maltron-II Body composition Analyser to obtain different body components and compared the Body Fat %(BF%) obtain through instrument with different compartment models equations such as Siri classic 2C model equation for body composition developed in 1956, Siri 3C model equation developed in 1961 which was an improvement over Siri 2C model and Lohman 3C model developed in 1986.These scientist have already developed the equation for %BF. Our comparative work involves just putting the body component in the equations developed by scientists and see how close these values are with the values that are obtained by developing Prediction Equation of 2C model and different 3C models.

The figure below shows the different compartments in which we have divided the body. In 2C molecular level the human body is divided into Fat and Fat Free component. In 3C water molecular level the human body is divided into Fat, Water and Solids i.e. proteins and minerals. In 3C mineral molecular level that divided the human body into Fat, Mineral and water and protein combined. The detailed discussion about them is discussed later in Subjects and Methods.

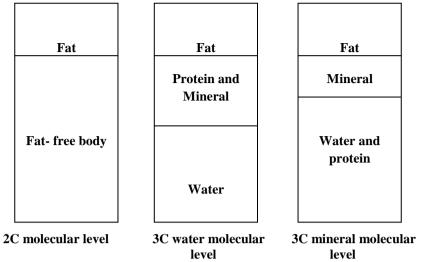


Fig1. Different human body multicomponent models designed by Siri in year 1956 and 1961 and by Lohman in year 1986

2. MATERIALS AND METHODS

2.1. Literature Survey

A lot of scientists have been contributing in the past, for designing different body composition models. Their efforts have contributed a lot in the practice of medicine and understanding human physiology and metabolism in a better way. Earliest effort by scientists started on human foetus and infants in early 1900. However, direct chemical analysis of adult on whole body was more limited. The literature survey in this report is intended to present contribution made by different scientists in the field of body composition analysis while designing different body compartment models. It started with Behnke and colleagues more than some 5 decades ago where they divided the human body into Fat and Fat Free component The earliest 2C model was pioneered by Behnke et.al in 1942 and established an inverse relationship between Db and adiposity. Later in 1953, Behnke and collegues developed the concept of a reference body that consisted of FM and LBM and assumed that it was constant for all individuals. In 1956, Siri developed another 2-C model equation to convert Db to %BF. In 1961, Siri and in 1986 Lohman et.al modified the 2C model and developed the 3C model which divided the human body into fat, water and solids and obtain the equation for %BF of human body. With years attempts have been made by Selinger et.al (1977), Friedl et.al (1992), Heymsfield et.al (1996) and Baumgartner et.al (1991) to develop equation for % BF of human body using 4C model. A 6C model was developed by Wang et. al in yr. 1998 to obtain the % BF. This model divided the human body into nitrogen, calcium, potassium, sodium, and water and body chloride. This was the atomic level division of human body.

2.2. Subjects and Procedure

Human Body Composition data of 70 Indian subjects (35males and 35 females) within the age group of 17 yrs to 50 yrs were studied through Maltron-II Body Composition Impedance Analyzer method. It should be noted that all the data that were taken were clinically normal and free from any disease, and were of normal built and sound health. All these data were taken at defence institute of Physiological and Applied Science where subjects were applied excitation current of 800µA at different frequencies of 5 KHz, 50 KHz, 100 KHz and 200 KHz at the source or drive distal electrodes on the hand and foot; and the voltage drop due to impedance was detected by sensor electrodes on the right wrist and right ankle. The flowchart showing the actual procedure carried out while studying the comparative study of body compartment models is shown in Figure 2; and the characteristic component of body parts of Indian subjects and their descriptive statistics is shown in Table 1 and Table 2. The flowchart given in figure below is self explanatory and need not need further explanation. What we have done in our study is that we have simply tested Siri classic 2C model in 1956 and later his modified 3C model designed by him in 1961. In addition to testing Siri'c 2C and 3C model we have also tested Lohman 3C body compartment model and compared the results with the results obtained from 2C and 3C prediction equation. The flowchart below shows the procedure carried out in comparing the different body compartment models.

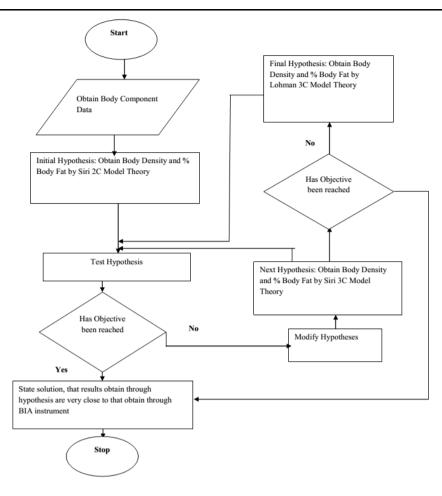


Fig2. Flowchart showing the actual process while studying the comparative study of different body compartment models.

Table1. Characteristic component of the body composition of different parameter in Indian subjects (n = 70)

| S.No. | CostomerID | Sex | Age | Weight(Kg) | Db | %BF | %Mineral | %Protien |
|-------|------------|-----|-----|------------|--------|-------|----------|----------|
| 1 | 126 | М | 17 | 65 | 1.0683 | 13.35 | 0.071538 | 0.591077 |
| 2 | 131 | М | 18 | 66 | 1.0612 | 16.45 | 0.070606 | 0.563333 |
| 3 | 152 | М | 18 | 45 | 1.0671 | 13.89 | 0.05532 | 0.648889 |
| 4 | 138 | М | 18 | 48 | 1.0676 | 13.73 | 0.062083 | 0.62375 |
| 5 | 141 | М | 18 | 53 | 1.0717 | 11.89 | 0.069057 | 0.615472 |
| 6 | 75 | М | 19 | 82.5 | 1.0377 | 27.02 | 0.058182 | 0.505697 |
| 7 | 106 | М | 19 | 50 | 1.066 | 14.38 | 0.0624 | 0.6162 |
| 8 | 114 | М | 19 | 45 | 1.0681 | 13.51 | 0.052444 | 0.662444 |
| 9 | 120 | М | 19 | 52 | 1.0662 | 14.27 | 0.069231 | 0.590769 |
| 10 | 134 | М | 19 | 73 | 1.0588 | 17.51 | 0.06589 | 0.57137 |
| 11 | 139 | М | 19 | 52 | 1.0671 | 13.94 | 0.065577 | 0.607692 |
| 12 | 142 | М | 19 | 50 | 1.0695 | 12.84 | 0.0604 | 0.639 |
| 13 | 149 | М | 19 | 58 | 1.0595 | 17.21 | 0.068448 | 0.56431 |
| 14 | 154 | М | 19 | 48 | 1.0738 | 11.02 | 0.070208 | 0.619167 |
| 15 | 155 | М | 19 | 72 | 1.069 | 13.04 | 0.079167 | 0.564722 |
| 16 | 157 | М | 19 | 51 | 1.0656 | 14.59 | 0.061961 | 0.615098 |
| 17 | 158 | М | 19 | 63 | 1.0559 | 18.81 | 0.065238 | 0.560635 |
| 18 | 159 | М | 19 | 50 | 1.067 | 13.96 | 0.061212 | 0.6244 |
| 19 | 161 | М | 19 | 66 | 1.0561 | 18.73 | 0.065303 | 0.561212 |
| 20 | 153 | М | 19 | 82 | 1.041 | 25.51 | 0.06061 | 0.511707 |
| 21 | 59 | М | 20 | 56 | 1.0721 | 11.71 | 0.068036 | 0.620893 |
| 22 | 104 | М | 20 | 74 | 1.0454 | 23.5 | 0.062863 | 0.522838 |
| 23 | 62 | М | 20 | 60 | 1.0454 | 11.17 | 0.071 | 0.614833 |
| 24 | 121 | М | 20 | 69 | 1.0734 | 19.19 | 0.070288 | 0.537826 |

| 25 | 135 | М | 20 | 53 | 1.055 | 15.75 | 0.068679 | 0.578113 |
|----|------|---|----|----|--------|-------|----------|----------|
| 26 | 151 | М | 20 | 45 | 1.0629 | 9.71 | 0.057207 | 0.683556 |
| 27 | 99 | М | 20 | 59 | 1.0768 | 14.08 | 0.072712 | 0.578983 |
| 28 | 101 | М | 21 | 75 | 1.0667 | 24.43 | 0.058267 | 0.531333 |
| 29 | 109 | М | 21 | 63 | 1.0434 | 12.29 | 0.07254 | 0.597778 |
| 30 | 110 | М | 21 | 48 | 1.0708 | 12.98 | 0.05625 | 0.65375 |
| 31 | AAA8 | М | 31 | 65 | 1.0531 | 20.05 | 0.06015 | 0.567692 |
| 32 | AAA5 | М | 36 | 66 | 1.0421 | 25.05 | 0.05378 | 0.542576 |
| 33 | AAA2 | М | 29 | 57 | 1.0602 | 16.95 | 0.06456 | 0.581754 |
| 34 | AAA6 | М | 30 | 63 | 1.0519 | 20.63 | 0.07216 | 0.529048 |
| 35 | AAA3 | М | 29 | 66 | 1.0456 | 23.45 | 0.063 | 0.522121 |
| 36 | 187 | F | 17 | 44 | 1.0656 | 14.52 | 0.089199 | 0.553409 |
| 37 | 127 | F | 17 | 50 | 1.046 | 23.24 | 0.071183 | 0.5244 |
| 38 | 173 | F | 17 | 45 | 1.0613 | 16.44 | 0.089481 | 0.262667 |
| 39 | 108 | F | 18 | 53 | 1.057 | 18.36 | 0.085545 | 0.52434 |
| 40 | 140 | F | 18 | 46 | 1.0653 | 14.72 | 0.089282 | 0.549565 |
| 41 | 167 | F | 18 | 62 | 1.04 | 25.95 | 0.074153 | 0.486935 |
| 42 | 169 | F | 18 | 52 | 1.046 | 23.27 | 0.079765 | 0.496346 |
| 43 | 171 | F | 18 | 39 | 1.0749 | 10.59 | 0.088398 | 0.596667 |
| 44 | 176 | F | 18 | 52 | 1.0393 | 26.33 | 0.072876 | 0.488269 |
| 45 | 183 | F | 18 | 57 | 1.0363 | 27.65 | 0.071352 | 0.480351 |
| 46 | 186 | F | 18 | 44 | 1.061 | 16.59 | 0.09186 | 0.524091 |
| 47 | 188 | F | 18 | 51 | 1.0463 | 23.14 | 0.076307 | 0.510588 |
| 48 | 189 | F | 18 | 39 | 1.067 | 14 | 0.090861 | 0.554872 |
| 49 | 190 | F | 18 | 43 | 1.0648 | 14.91 | 0.086215 | 0.558837 |
| 50 | 191 | F | 18 | 54 | 1.0396 | 26.19 | 0.077228 | 0.476481 |
| 51 | 192 | F | 18 | 50 | 1.062 | 16.12 | 0.092593 | 0.5248 |
| 52 | 193 | F | 18 | 58 | 1.0311 | 30.07 | 0.067525 | 0.468276 |
| 53 | 203 | F | 18 | 40 | 1.0584 | 17.68 | 0.083738 | 0.54 |
| 54 | 206 | F | 18 | 54 | 1.0336 | 28.89 | 0.071845 | 0.467037 |
| 55 | 195 | F | 18 | 57 | 1.0472 | 22.74 | 0.084008 | 0.502807 |
| 56 | 208 | F | 18 | 55 | 1.0367 | 27.49 | 0.072165 | 0.47 |
| 57 | 207 | F | 19 | 51 | 1.0365 | 27.55 | 0.068144 | 0.474706 |
| 58 | 115 | F | 19 | 50 | 1.0573 | 18.22 | 0.086152 | 0.5186 |
| 59 | 163 | F | 19 | 56 | 1.0469 | 22.88 | 0.091866 | 0.49125 |
| 60 | 164 | F | 19 | 63 | 1.0302 | 30.52 | 0.077077 | 0.462381 |
| 61 | 165 | F | 19 | 48 | 1.0535 | 19.85 | 0.065597 | 0.507292 |
| 62 | 168 | F | 19 | 57 | 1.0288 | 31.14 | 0.0742 | 0.47807 |
| 63 | 170 | F | 19 | 45 | 1.0462 | 23.2 | 0.05873 | 0.514 |
| 64 | 172 | F | 19 | 50 | 1.0528 | 20.24 | 0.090559 | 0.5216 |
| 65 | 177 | F | 19 | 56 | 1.0391 | 26.43 | 0.073086 | 0.514464 |
| 66 | BB01 | F | 50 | 55 | 1.0238 | 33.51 | 0.05095 | 0.49 |
| 67 | AAA1 | F | 34 | 56 | 1.0314 | 29.89 | 0.06396 | 0.481964 |
| 68 | AAA4 | F | 36 | 58 | 1.02 | 35.31 | 0.048 | 0.481379 |
| 69 | AAA7 | F | 23 | 48 | 1.0549 | 19.31 | 0.08021 | 0.529792 |
| 70 | AAA0 | F | 27 | 44 | 1.0594 | 17.25 | 0.079 | 0.557727 |

Db is the density of body, Value of Sex for female=0 and for male=1

Table2. *Descriptive statistics of Indian subjects* (n = 70)

| Variables | Mean ± S.D. |
|-------------------------|-------------------------|
| TBW | 30.03186 ± 5.777168 |
| FFM | 43.6729 ± 7.679629 |
| Weight | 55.32143 ± 9.68191 |
| % Mineral | 0.071135 ± 0.011198 |
| %Protein | 0.544343 ± 0.064553 |
| Age | 20.68571 ± 5.604198 |
| Body Density | 1.054031 ± 0.014017 |
| % Body Fat (%BF) | 19.58257 ± 6.310757 |
| % Fat Free Mass (% FFM) | 80.328184 ± 6.32163 |

TBW is the Total Body Water and FFM is Fat Free Mass content of the body.

2.3.1. Siri Two Compartment Molecular Level Models

It is to be noted that since earliest times scientists and researchers have been working sometimes on the chemical analysis of specific organs of Human body and sometimes on whole body. Increased risk of cardiovascular disease obesity and many other such diseases associated with fat was the initial cause or reasons which lead the scientists to develop 2 compartment models. However, direct measurements of body mass have never been easy and remain a significant and tedious task. The most important contribution in the development of 2 compartment models had been by Siri in the year 1956 where he divided the human body into fat and fat free component.

Derivation of Siri 2 Compartment Molecular level model body Composition Analysis: The classic 2 Compartment model partitions the body into 2 parts; Fat and Fat Free Component. The assumed densities of Fat and Fat Free Mass component of the body are assumed to be .9007 Kg/L and 1.1 Kg/L. Now, as a random example we have taken the Bio Electrical Impedance Analysis body composition data of customer ID AAA2 and from that we have shown how Siri derived his 2C body composition model. If the body is partitioned into Fat and Fat Free component, then formula for Body Density is given as below:

$$\frac{1}{\text{Db}} = \frac{FM}{FM\text{Db}} + \frac{FFM}{FFM\text{Db}}$$

Where Db is the density of body, FM Db is the Fat mass density of the body, FFM Db is the Fat Free Mass Density of the body. Now for Customer ID AAA2; FM=0.1695, FFM=0.8305, putting this in above equation, we get body density of customer ID AAA2 as 1.060236, which is very close to the body density of customer ID AAA2 which we have obtained through BIA instrument i.e. 1.0602. Siri also gave 2 Compartment model formulas for % Body Fat calculation as given below:

$$\%BF = \frac{497.1}{Db} - 451.9$$

For customer ID AAA2 Db = 1.0602; putting this value in the above equation we get % BF of customer ID AAA2 as 16.97% and the one obtained from BIA instrument is 16.95%. So, both these values are pretty close to each other. However, Siri modified his 2 compartment model and Lohman developed 3 Compartment models which are discussed below.

2.3.2. Siri Three Compartment Water Molecular Level Models

Generally two compartment models provide the reasonable estimates of % body fat. While designing 2 Compartment model by Brozek et.al; it was assumed that that FFM density was constant across all the subjects. Siri in 1956 derived earlier accounted for variation in subject hydration level. However, age, gender, ethnicity, level of body fatness and physical activity level still effected the relative proportion of water, mineral and protein. In an order to overcome the shortcomings that remained in Siri classic two compartment model. Siri updated his model in year 1961 and divided the body into three components Fats, Water and Solids i.e. (proteins and minerals).

Derivation of Siri 3 Compartment level model water molecular level body Composition Analysis: The assumed densities of Fat, Total Body water and (Mineral + Protein fraction) component of the body are assumed to be 0.9007 Kg/L, 0.9937 Kg/L and constant density for (Mineral + Protein Fraction) i.e. 1.565 kg/L. Now, as a random example we have again taken the Bio Electrical Impedance Analysis body composition data of customer ID AAA2 and from that we have shown how Siri derived his 3C body composition model. If the body is partitioned into Fat, Water and Solids (Minerals + Protein), then formula for Body Density is given as below:

$$\frac{1}{Db} = \frac{FM}{FMDb} + \frac{TBW}{TBWDb} + \frac{Minerals + Proteins}{(Minerals + Proteins fraction)Db}$$

Where TBWDb is the Total Body Water density and constant density is assumed for minerals and proteins fractions as discussed earlier. Now for Customer ID AAA2 FM = 0.1695 TBW = 0.5817 and Minerals = 0.06456, Proteins = 0.184.Putting all these values in the above equation, we get Db of Customer ID AAA2 as 1.0725 and the one obtained from BIA instrument is 1.0602 which is very close to the value obtained from Instrument. Siri also gave 3 Compartment model formulas for % Body Fat calculation as given below:

$$\text{\%BF} = (\frac{2.118}{\text{Db}} - 0.78 \times \frac{\text{TBW}}{\text{BW}} - 1.354) \times 100$$

Where BW is the body weight. For Customer ID AAA2 BW = 57 Kg. Putting this value and all other values in the above equation, we get BF% as 18.99% which is very close to value obtained from BIA instrument i.e. 16.95%

2.3.3. Lohman Three Compartment Mineral Molecular Level Models

As research proceeded further, it was found that the results obtained from Siri water molecular level were not very much accurate. Lohman in 1986 deviced a 3C model that accounted for variability in the relative mineral content of FFB and divided the body into fat, mineral, and protein + water fractions.

Derivation of Lohman 3 Compartment level model molecular level body Composition Analysis: The assumed densities of Fat, Mineral and (Water + Protein fraction) component of the body are assumed to be 0.9007 Kg/L, 3.038 Kg/L and constant density for (Water + Protein Fraction) i.e. 1.0486 Kg/L. Now, as a random example we have again taken the Bio Electrical Impedance Analysis body composition data of customer ID AAA2 and from that we have shown how Lohman derived his 3C body composition model. If the body is partitioned into Fat, Mineral and (Water + Protein) fraction, then formula for Body Density is given as below:

$$\frac{1}{Db} = \frac{FM}{FMDb} + \frac{Mineral}{Mineral Db} + \frac{Water + Proteins}{(Water + Proteins fraction)Db}$$

Where Mineral Db is the density of Minerals in body, Water and proteins fractions have constant density of 1.0486 Kg/L as discussed earlier. Now for Customer ID AAA2 FM = 0.1695 Minerals = 0.06456 and Total Body Water = 0.5817, Proteins = 0.184.Putting all these values in the above equation, we get Db of Customer ID AAA2 as 1.06424 and the one obtained from BIA instrument is 1.0602 which is very close to the value obtained from Instrument. Lohman also modified Siri 3 Compartment model formulas for % Body Fat calculation as given below:

%BF =
$$\left(\frac{6.386}{\text{Db}} + 3.961 \times \frac{\text{Mineral}}{\text{BW}} - 6.09\right) \times 100$$

Where, BW is the body weight. For Customer ID AAA2; BW = 57 Kg, Mineral = 0.06456 Kg Putting this value and all other values in the above equation, we get BF% as 18.911% which is very close to value obtained from BIA instrument i.e. 16.95%.

3. STATISTICAL ANALYSIS

The Prediction equation obtained for Body Density (Db) and %BF for different compartmental models using different parameters to obtain the Body Density and %BF. For 2C model the body density is obtained by linear regression model of Fat Mass (FM) and Fat Free Mass (FFM). And %Body Fat is obtained by the linear regression model of Body Density. And so, the Prediction equation developed are as follows.

$$2CDb = -0.128 \times FM + 0.04169 \times FFM + 1.04587$$
(1)

Where 2CDb is the body density of 2C model, 2C%BF is the percentage of body fat in 2C model, FM and FFM are the Fat Mass and Fat Free Mass component of the body.

In a similar Pattern 3C water molecular level and 3C mineral molecular level Db and % BF prediction equation can be obtained.

 $3CWMDb = -0.8175 \times FM + 0.10242 \times TBW + 0.13052(M+P) + 0.98070$ (3)

$$3CWM\%BF=-157.707\times3CWMDb-89.217\times(TBW/BW)+238.092$$
 (4)

Where 3CWMDb is 3C water molecular level body density, TBW is Total Body Water content. (M+P) is (Mineral +Protein) content, 3CWM%BF is 3C water molecular level %Body Fat and (TBW/BW) is (Total Body Water/Body weight) content of body.

(2)

| For 3C Mineral molecular level prediction equation developed is as follows: | |
|---|-----|
| 3CMMDb=-0.08369×FM+0.15558×M+0.10501× (W+P) +0.98267 | (5) |
| 3CMM%BF=-483.74×3CMMDb+438.13× (M/BW) +505 | (6) |

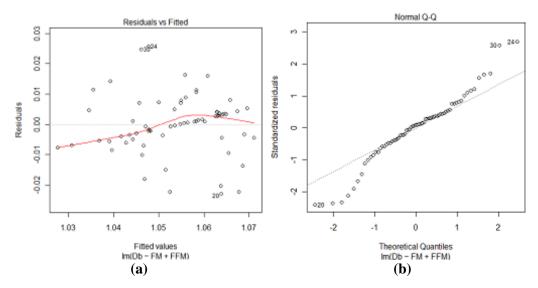
Where 3CMMDb is 3C mineral molecular level body density, M is Mineral content. (W+P) is (TBW +Protein) content, 3CMM%BF is 3C mineral molecular level %Body Fat and (M/BW) is (Mineral/Body weight) content of body.

Prediction Equations Residual Adjusted MultipleR² S.No. Standard error developed error \mathbf{R}^2 2CDb = -Intercept = 0.026150.009676 on 0.128×FM+0.04169×FFM+1. FM=0.02721 0.5373 0.5235 1. 67 df FFM.=0.02729 04587 2.597 on 68 2C%BF = -Intercept = 6.052. 0.9882 0.9881 2CDb=5.718 432.184×2CDb+476.420 df Intercept = 0.018863CWMDb=-0.008128 on FM=0.02049 3. 0.6784 0.8175×FM+0.10242×TBW+ 0.6638 TBW=0.01936 66 df 0.13052(M+P)+0.98070 (M+P)=0.03313 3CWM%BF=-Intercept = 5.8442.254 on 67 3CWMDb=3.856 0.9615 0.9604 4. 157.707×3CWMDb-89.217× df (TBW/BW)+238.092 (TBW/BW) = 4.76Intercept = 0.01883CMMDb=-FM=0.02043 0.008157 on 5. 0.08369×FM+0.15558×M+ 0.6761 0.6614 M.=0.0888 66 df 0.10501×(W+P)+0.98267 (W+P) = 0.019093CMM%BF=-Intercept = 11.416.215 on 483.74×3CMMDb+438.13× 3CMMDb=10.16 0.9713 0.9705 6 67df (M/BW) +505 (M/BW)=67.17

Table3. Descriptive statistics of Indian subjects (n=70) together with BIA equations developed.

4. GRAPHICAL ANALYSIS

The graphical interpretation of data include scatter matrix plot, Residual vs Fitted, Normal Vs Fitted plot, Scale location plot and Residual vs Cook's plot for different models. The different graphs for Siri 2C model, Siri 3C model and Lohman 3C model are also shown. These graphs help in knowing the better picture of these models. Finally the table for calculating; Body density and % Body Fat by statistical model and Siri 2C, 3C and Lohman 3C model is shown in Tables given below. The results obtained through statistical regression model and that from Siri and Lohman model are very close to each other.



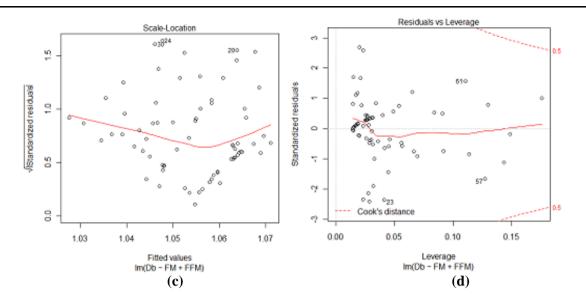


Fig3. (a) shows Residual Vs Fitted Plot, (b) shows Normal Vs Fitted Plot, (c) shows Scale Location Plot and (d) shows Residual Vs Leverage plot of 2C Body Density formed by the linear combination of Fat Mass and Fat Free Mass.

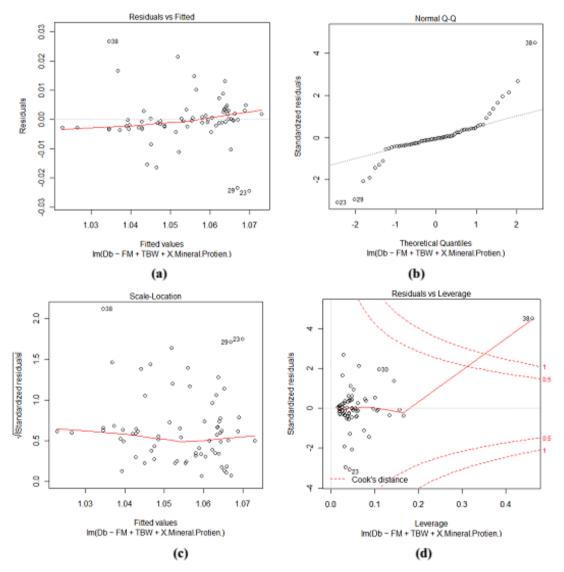


Fig4. (a) shows Residual Vs Fitted Plot, (b) shows Normal Vs Fitted Plot, (c) shows Scale Location Plot and (d) shows Residual Vs Leverage plot of 3C Water Molecular Body Density formed by the linear combination of Fat Mass, Total Body Water and (Mineral+Protien) content.

Multicompartmental Models to Assess the Body Composition of Indian Subjects and Validation of Result by Developing Prediction Equation

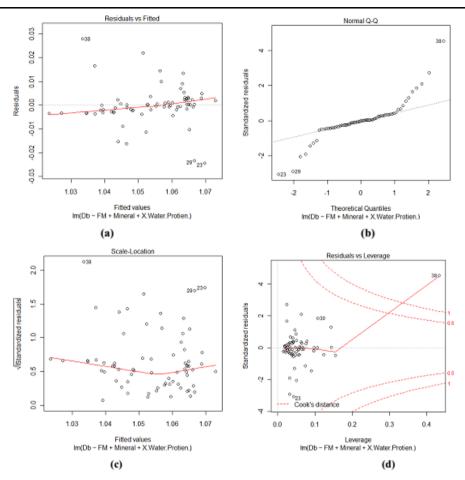


Fig5. (a) shows Residual Vs Fitted Plot, (b) shows Normal Vs Fitted Plot, (c) shows Scale Location Plot and (d) shows Residual Vs Leverage plot of 3C Mineral Molecular Body Density formed by the linear combination of Fat Mass, Mineral and (Water +Protein) content.

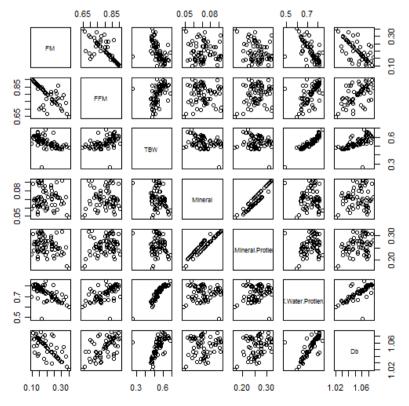


Fig6. Scatter matrix Plot showing the actual process between different parameters and Body density while studying the comparative study of different body compartment models

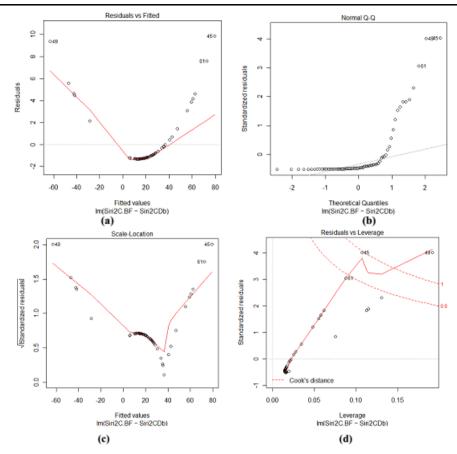


Fig7. (*a*) shows Residual Vs Fitted Plot, (*b*) shows Normal Vs Fitted Plot, (*c*) shows Scale Location Plot and (*d*) shows Residual Vs Leverage plot of 2C %Body fat formed by the linear combination of 2C Body density.

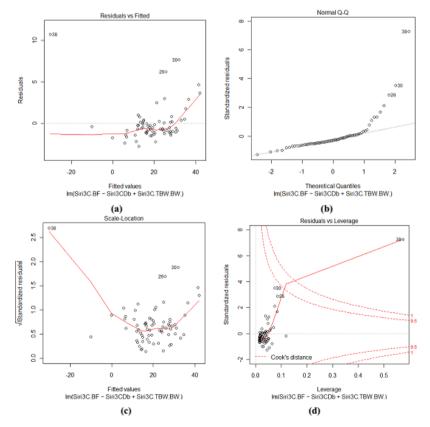


Fig8. (*a*) shows Residual Vs Fitted Plot, (*b*) shows Normal Vs Fitted Plot, (*c*) shows Scale Location Plot and (*d*) shows Residual Vs Leverage plot of 3C %Body Density formed by the linear combination of 3C Body density and (TBW/BW) where TBW is Total Body Water and BW is Body weight of body.

Multicompartmental Models to Assess the Body Composition of Indian Subjects and Validation of Result by Developing Prediction Equation

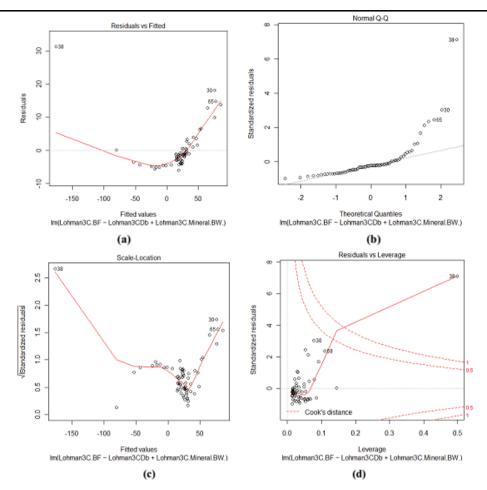


Fig9. (a) shows Residual Vs Fitted Plot, (b) shows Normal Vs Fitted Plot, (c) shows Scale Location Plot and (d) shows Residual Vs Leverage plot of 3C %Body Density formed by the linear combination of 3C Body density and (M/BW) where M is Mineral content and BW is Body weight of body.

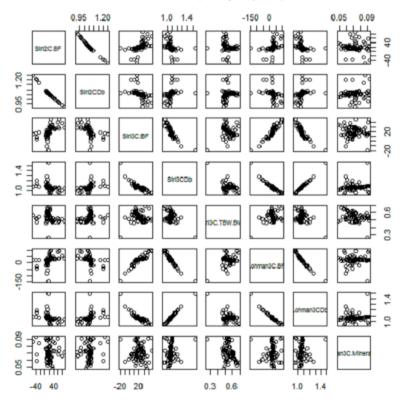


Fig10. Scatter matrix Plot showing the actual process between different parameters and % Body Fat while studying the comparative study of different body compartment models.

Table4. Siri 2 Compartmental model of human body composition for calculating body density of 10 out of 70 Indian subjects.

| FM | FFM | 1/Db | Db |
|--------|---------|-------------|----------|
| 0.3351 | 0.6649 | 0.976498511 | 1.024067 |
| 0.2005 | 0.7995 | 0.949422823 | 1.053271 |
| 0.2505 | 0.7495 | 0.959480656 | 1.04223 |
| 0.1695 | 0.8305 | 0.8305 | 0.8305 |
| 0.2063 | 0.7936 | 0.950498622 | 1.052079 |
| 0.2989 | 0.70107 | 0.969189367 | 1.03179 |
| 0.3531 | 0.6469 | 0.980119331 | 1.020284 |
| 0.2345 | 0.7654 | 0.956171241 | 1.045838 |
| 0.1931 | 0.8069 | 0.947934263 | 1.054925 |
| 0.1725 | 0.8275 | 0.943790436 | 1.059557 |

Table5. Siri 2 Compartmental model of human body composition for calculating %Body Fat of 10 out of 70 Indian subjects.

| Db | BW | Mineral | %BF |
|----------|----|---------|----------|
| 1.024067 | 55 | 0.05095 | 33.51741 |
| 1.053271 | 65 | 0.06015 | 20.05809 |
| 1.04223 | 66 | 0.05378 | 25.05783 |
| 1.060235 | 57 | 0.06456 | 16.95824 |
| 1.052079 | 63 | 0.07216 | 20.59287 |
| 1.03179 | 56 | 0.06396 | 29.88403 |
| 1.020284 | 58 | 0.048 | 35.31732 |
| 1.045838 | 66 | 0.063 | 23.41272 |
| 1.054925 | 48 | 0.08021 | 19.31812 |
| 1.059557 | 44 | 0.079 | 17.25823 |

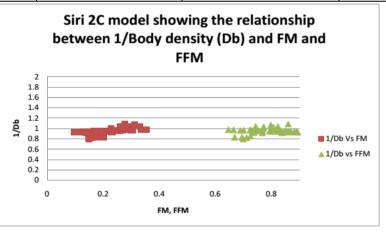


Fig11. Siri 2 compartmental model of human body for (N=70) and various parameters used in Siri 2C equation for calculating 1/Db where (1/Db) is inverse of Body Density.

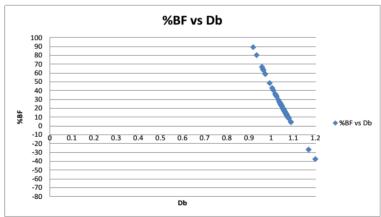


Fig12. Curve pattern between % BF and Db of Siri 2C model, where % BF is the Body Fat percentage of subjects (N=70) and Db is the Body density measured through Experimental process of human body through Maltron-II BIA Analyzer.

Table6. Siri 3 Compartmental model of human body composition for calculating body density of 10 out of 70 Indian subjects:

| FM | BW | TBW | TBW/BW | Mineral | Protein | Mineral+Protein | 1/Db | Db |
|--------|----|-------|----------|---------|---------|-----------------|----------|----------|
| 0.3351 | 55 | 26.95 | 0.49 | 0.05095 | 0.125 | 0.17595 | 0.977579 | 1.022936 |
| 0.2005 | 65 | 36.9 | 0.567692 | 0.06015 | 0.1715 | 0.23165 | 0.941915 | 1.061667 |
| 0.2505 | 66 | 35.81 | 0.542576 | 0.05378 | 0.15303 | 0.20681 | 0.95628 | 1.045719 |
| 0.1695 | 57 | 33.16 | 0.581754 | 0.06456 | 0.184 | 0.24856 | 0.932454 | 1.072439 |
| 0.2063 | 63 | 33.33 | 0.529048 | 0.07216 | 0.2055 | 0.27766 | 0.938864 | 1.065117 |
| 0.2989 | 56 | 26.99 | 0.481964 | 0.06396 | 0.1569 | 0.22086 | 0.957998 | 1.043844 |
| 0.3531 | 58 | 27.92 | 0.481379 | 0.048 | 0.118 | 0.166 | 0.98253 | 1.017781 |
| 0.2345 | 66 | 34.46 | 0.522121 | 0.063 | 0.18 | 0.243 | 0.941056 | 1.062636 |
| 0.1931 | 48 | 25.43 | 0.529792 | 0.08021 | 0.1966 | 0.27681 | 0.924415 | 1.081766 |
| 0.1725 | 44 | 24.54 | 0.557727 | 0.079 | 0.1946 | 0.2736 | 0.927605 | 1.078045 |

Table7. Siri 3 Compartmental model of human body composition for calculating %Body Fat of 10 out of 70 Indian subjects

| Db | BW | TBW | %BF |
|----------|----|-------|----------|
| 1.022936 | 55 | 26.95 | 33.43108 |
| 1.061667 | 65 | 36.9 | 19.81758 |
| 1.045719 | 66 | 35.81 | 24.81916 |
| 1.072439 | 57 | 33.16 | 16.71691 |
| 1.065117 | 63 | 33.33 | 22.18568 |
| 1.043844 | 56 | 26.99 | 29.91067 |
| 1.017781 | 58 | 27.92 | 35.15219 |
| 1.062636 | 66 | 34.46 | 23.19021 |
| 1.081766 | 48 | 25.43 | 19.06721 |
| 1.078045 | 44 | 24.54 | 17.56403 |

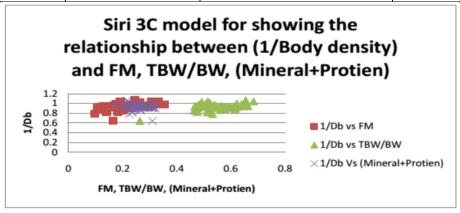


Fig13. Siri 3 compartmental model of human body for (N=70) and various parameters used in Siri 3C equation for calculating 1/Db where (1/Db) is inverse of Body Density.

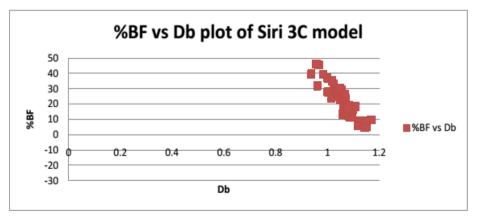


Fig14. Curve pattern between % BF and Db of Siri 3C model, where % BF is the Body Fat percentage of subjects (N=70) and Db is the Body density measured through Experimental process of human body through Maltron-II BIA Analyzer.

Table8. Lohman 3 Compartmental model of human body composition for calculating body density of 10 out of 70 Indian subjects

| FM | Mineral | BW | TBW | TBW/BW | Protein | (TBW/BW)+Protein | 1/Db | Db |
|--------|---------|----|-------|----------|---------|------------------|----------|----------|
| 0.3351 | 0.05095 | 55 | 26.95 | 0.49 | 0.125 | 0.615 | 0.975311 | 1.025314 |
| 0.2005 | 0.06015 | 65 | 36.9 | 0.567692 | 0.1715 | 0.739192308 | 0.947336 | 1.055591 |
| 0.2505 | 0.05378 | 66 | 35.81 | 0.542576 | 0.15303 | 0.695605758 | 0.959186 | 1.042551 |
| 0.1695 | 0.06456 | 57 | 33.16 | 0.581754 | 0.184 | 0.765754386 | 0.939701 | 1.064168 |
| 0.2063 | 0.07216 | 63 | 33.33 | 0.529048 | 0.2055 | 0.734547619 | 0.9533 | 1.048988 |
| 0.2989 | 0.06396 | 56 | 26.99 | 0.481964 | 0.1569 | 0.638864286 | 0.962161 | 1.039327 |
| 0.3531 | 0.048 | 58 | 27.92 | 0.481379 | 0.118 | 0.59937931 | 0.979428 | 1.021004 |
| 0.2345 | 0.063 | 66 | 34.46 | 0.522121 | 0.18 | 0.702121212 | 0.95067 | 1.05189 |
| 0.1931 | 0.08021 | 48 | 25.43 | 0.529792 | 0.1966 | 0.726391667 | 0.933516 | 1.071219 |
| 0.1725 | 0.079 | 44 | 24.54 | 0.557727 | 0.1946 | 0.752327273 | 0.93498 | 1.069541 |

Table9. Lohman 3 Compartmental model of human body composition for calculating % Body Fat of 10 out of 70 Indian subjects.

| Db | Mineral | BW | %BF |
|----------|---------|----|----------|
| 1.025314 | 0.05095 | 55 | 34.01489 |
| 1.055591 | 0.06015 | 65 | 19.79457 |
| 1.042551 | 0.05378 | 66 | 24.83824 |
| 1.064168 | 0.06456 | 57 | 16.66543 |
| 1.048988 | 0.07216 | 63 | 28.3598 |
| 1.039327 | 0.06396 | 56 | 30.77063 |
| 1.021004 | 0.048 | 58 | 35.47558 |
| 1.05189 | 0.063 | 66 | 23.052 |
| 1.071219 | 0.08021 | 48 | 18.91445 |
| 1.069541 | 0.079 | 44 | 19.37046 |

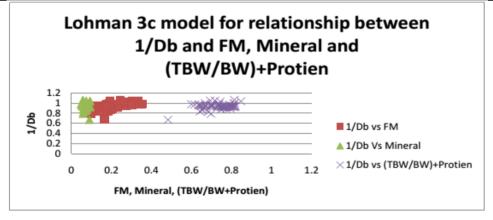


Fig15. Lohman 3 compartmental model of human body for (N=70) and various parameters used in Lohman 3C equation for calculating 1/Db where (1/Db) is inverse of Body Density.

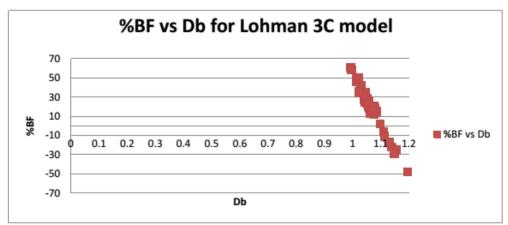


Fig16. Curve pattern between % BF and Db of Lohman 3C model, where % BF is the Body Fat percentage of subjects (N=70) and Db is the Body density measured through Experimental process of human body through Maltron-II BIA Analyzer.

Table10. The comparative study showing the measured and obtained Body Density(Db) of the subject(N=70) through different compartment models like Statistical 2C model, Statistical Water Molecular level 3C model, Statistical Mineral Molecular level 3C model, Siri 2C Model, Siri 3C Model and Lohman's 3C models. different body compartment models.

| Siri2CDbStatistical 2CDbSiri3CDbStatisticalW3CDbLohman3CDbStatisticalM3C1.0684381.0649061.0882471.0662475931.0756161.066086051.0613671.0596461.0830441.060446211.0693681.060188711.06721.063991.0602281.0635792931.0622231.064329351.0675671.0642621.0721591.064521851.0681571.064890041.0718021.0673841.0857611.0686659021.0764291.068719311.0379441.041711.0503951.0396411141.0421741.039624691.0660781.0631591.0716791.0633803541.0670051.063700501.0680711.0646351.0572451.0638971791.0617571.064814241.058971.0578471.0737341.0579822631.0640291.057959631.066331.0633451.0736041.0642555211.0661111.064392651.0488731.0582641.0142461.0621648031.0124551.062576021.0670851.0639051.1223421.0614859841.1093641.061387971.0696111.0657721.06561.0689131331.0558941.06888978 | 6 5 9 |
|---|-------------|
| $\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$ | 5 9 |
| $\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$ | 9 |
| $\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$ | |
| 1.0718021.0673841.0857611.0686659021.0764291.068719311.0379441.041711.0503951.0396411141.0421741.039624691.0660781.0631591.0716791.0633803541.0670051.063700501.0680711.0646351.0572451.0638971791.0617571.064814241.066331.0633451.0832641.064304361.0722841.064234121.058971.0578471.0737341.0579822631.0640291.057959631.066331.0633451.0736041.0642555211.0661111.064392651.0488731.0582641.0142461.0621648031.0124551.062576021.0670851.0639051.1223421.0614859841.1093641.06138797 | |
| 1.0379441.041711.0503951.0396411141.0421741.039624691.0660781.0631591.0716791.0633803541.0670051.063700501.0680711.0646351.0572451.0638971791.0617571.064814241.066331.0633451.0832641.064304361.0722841.064234121.058971.0578471.0737341.0579822631.0640291.057959631.066331.0633451.0736041.0642555211.0661111.064392631.0488731.0582641.0142461.0621648031.0124551.062576021.0670851.0639051.1223421.0614859841.1093641.06138797 | |
| 1.0660781.0631591.0716791.0633803541.0670051.063700501.0680711.0646351.0572451.0638971791.0617571.064814241.066331.0633451.0832641.064304361.0722841.064234121.058971.0578471.0737341.0579822631.0640291.057959631.066331.0633451.0736041.064255211.0661111.064392651.0488731.0582641.0142461.0621648031.0124551.062576021.0670851.0639051.1223421.0614859841.1093641.06138797 | 7 |
| 1.0680711.0646351.0572451.0638971791.0617571.064814241.066331.0633451.0832641.064304361.0722841.064234121.058971.0578471.0737341.0579822631.0640291.057959631.066331.0633451.0736041.0642555211.0661111.064392621.0488731.0582641.0142461.0621648031.0124551.062576021.0670851.0639051.1223421.0614859841.1093641.06138797 | 5 |
| 1.066331.0633451.0832641.064304361.0722841.064234121.058971.0578471.0737341.0579822631.0640291.057959631.066331.0633451.0736041.0642555211.0661111.064392631.0488731.0582641.0142461.0621648031.0124551.062576021.0670851.0639051.1223421.0614859841.1093641.06138797 | 8 |
| 1.058971.0578471.0737341.0579822631.0640291.057959631.066331.0633451.0736041.0642555211.0661111.064392631.0488731.0582641.0142461.0621648031.0124551.062576021.0670851.0639051.1223421.0614859841.1093641.06138797 | 3 |
| 1.066331.0633451.0736041.0642555211.0661111.064392631.0488731.0582641.0142461.0621648031.0124551.062576021.0670851.0639051.1223421.0614859841.1093641.06138797 | 4 |
| 1.0488731.0582641.0142461.0621648031.0124551.062576021.0670851.0639051.1223421.0614859841.1093641.06138797 | 2 |
| 1.067085 1.063905 1.122342 1.061485984 1.109364 1.06138797 | 5 |
| | 3 |
| 1.069611 1.065772 1.0656 1.068913133 1.055894 1.06888978 | 6 |
| | 5 |
| 1.059648 1.058356 1.048123 1.064242019 1.030097 1.0635707' | 7 |
| 1.073816 1.06886 1.118631 1.065860738 1.113586 1.06625102 | 3 |
| 1.069151 1.065432 1.150192 1.060235051 1.138745 1.06029736 | 5 |
| 1.065599 1.062802 1.062649 1.063506496 1.05917 1.06388968 | 7 |
| 1.056046 1.055641 1.070297 1.055629928 1.060315 1.05557477 | 6 |
| 1.06704 1.063871 1.221217 1.05211429 1.208636 1.05225874 | 9 |
| 1.056225 1.055777 0.999946 1.063148343 0.992821 1.06312550 | 6 |
| 1.041226 1.044272 1.037248 1.044996806 1.027247 1.04482844 | 6 |
| 1.072218 1.067689 1.08296 1.069773772 1.072186 1.06972675 | 3 |
| 1.045628 1.047683 1.025524 1.0519039 1.012082 1.05146000 | 2 |
| 1.073468 1.068606 1.143406 1.065255861 1.130771 1.06524109 | 5 |
| 1.055194 1.054996 0.959937 1.063780085 0.962159 1.0644204 | |
| 1.062956 1.060834 1.067884 1.063669419 1.054154 1.06336767 | 4 |
| 1.076863 1.071083 1.272575 1.05645252 1.262629 1.05683580 | 2 |
| 1.066765 1.063668 1.068037 1.066856013 1.055564 1.06664688 | 3 |
| 1.043587 1.046105 0.936937 1.0559105 0.938277 1.05642779 | 6 |
| 1.053271 1.053537 1.061667 1.052687129 1.055591 1.05287087 | 6 |
| 1.04223 1.045053 1.045719 1.042785075 1.042551 1.04311830 | 8 |
| 1.060235 1.058798 1.072439 1.05886871 1.064168 1.05894065 | 8 |
| 1.052079 1.052549 1.065117 1.054260215 1.048988 1.05376625 | 1 |
| 1.045838 1.047764 1.062636 1.04672164 1.05189 1.04657598 | 3 |
| 1.065759 1.062921 1.093146 1.06568172 1.079003 1.06546262 | 5 |
| 1.046201 1.048124 1.060733 1.047479468 1.054876 1.04768865 | 7 |
| 1.06139 1.059663 1.552115 1.034489496 1.488564 1.03346406 | 8 |
| 1.057056 1.056405 1.086652 1.057948928 1.072772 1.05771119 | 6 |
| 1.065302 1.062582 1.0949 1.065161683 1.080432 1.06492569 | 6 |
| 1.040268 1.043525 1.061876 1.042774841 1.052263 1.04272114 | 3 |
| 1.046134 1.048073 1.070964 1.048440634 1.058879 1.04825636 | 1 |
| 1.074814 1.06959 1.095456 1.072951402 1.084396 1.07295309 | 6 |
| 1.009025 1.044211 1.058836 1.04201722 1.050027 1.04200911 | 2 |
| 0.918441 1.046331 1.055019 1.039459178 1.046538 1.03945844 | 6 |
| 1.04413 1.060109 1.093919 1.062186871 1.07653 1.06175172 | 7 |
| 1.077689 1.047022 1.064936 1.048452382 1.055582 1.04843619 |) |
| 1.089348 1.06292 1.094194 1.066956257 1.079358 1.06669837 | 5 |
| 1.248026 1.055939 1.089496 1.064544577 1.077459 1.06444969 | 6 |
| 0.962252 1.04667 1.063108 1.04288967 1.0513 1.04268971 | 3 |
| 1.211495 1.054882 1.097551 1.062945884 1.079775 1.06249966 | 1 |
| 0.965051 1.03959 1.04822 1.034493883 1.041139 1.03456347 | 3 |
| 1.168943 1.053469 1.081809 1.059273247 1.070007 1.05916115 | 8 |
| 1.021047 1.039095 1.053718 1.037245649 1.044396 1.03717928 | 5 |

| 1.004092 | 1.050857 | 1.059935 | 1.051394179 | 1.046461 | 1.051088233 |
|----------|----------|----------|-------------|----------|-------------|
| 0.992994 | 1.042761 | 1.066 | 1.038840878 | 1.05633 | 1.038785993 |
| 1.199151 | 1.051515 | 1.204502 | 1.045108176 | 1.195274 | 1.045403152 |
| 1.017645 | 1.049998 | 1.03522 | 1.053934209 | 1.02202 | 1.053572186 |
| 1.036433 | 1.035512 | 0.965421 | 1.047448759 | 0.950261 | 1.046655992 |
| 1.088653 | 1.05248 | 1.168724 | 1.046541691 | 1.153633 | 1.04643752 |
| 0.933862 | 1.039263 | 0.999159 | 1.036736947 | 0.995658 | 1.036960986 |
| 1.079452 | 1.046845 | 1.108439 | 1.044093257 | 1.097505 | 1.044076615 |
| 1.200892 | 1.047845 | 1.147518 | 1.043244422 | 1.147512 | 1.043953993 |
| 0.973208 | 1.045704 | 0.982477 | 1.053264463 | 0.968951 | 1.052687949 |
| 0.958033 | 1.034481 | 0.95558 | 1.039211549 | 0.949625 | 1.039138024 |
| 1.024067 | 1.030697 | 1.022936 | 1.026456369 | 1.025314 | 1.027133432 |
| 1.03179 | 1.036838 | 1.043844 | 1.034454354 | 1.039327 | 1.034693094 |
| 1.020284 | 1.027642 | 1.017781 | 1.022803264 | 1.021004 | 1.023527722 |
| 1.054925 | 1.054793 | 1.081766 | 1.055304579 | 1.071219 | 1.055266922 |
| 1.059557 | 1.058288 | 1.078045 | 1.059430824 | 1.069541 | 1.059526182 |

Table11. The comparative study showing the measured and obtained %Body Fat(BF) of the subject (N=70)through different compartment models like Statistical 2C model, Statistical Water Molecular level 3C model, Statistical Mineral Molecular level 3C model, Siri 2C Model, Siri 3C Model and Lohman's 3C models. Different body compartment models.

| Siri2C%BF | Statistical2C%BF | Siri3C%BF | StatisticalW3C%BF | Lohman3C%BF | StatisticalM3C%BF |
|-----------|------------------|-----------|-------------------|-------------|-------------------|
| 13.35863 | 16.18449891 | 13.12093 | 17.20318093 | 13.04269 | 20.63467754 |
| 16.45826 | 18.4579553 | 16.21992 | 20.59329958 | 12.67336 | 23.07894449 |
| 13.89835 | 16.58052034 | 13.75502 | 12.46618037 | 14.10432 | 14.37871055 |
| 13.73822 | 16.46318066 | 13.49283 | 14.56034885 | 13.4434 | 17.07066184 |
| 11.89835 | 15.11377428 | 11.66376 | 14.64536805 | 11.61121 | 18.27348717 |
| 27.02757 | 26.20970822 | 26.79407 | 29.01655235 | 26.80338 | 27.58314988 |
| 14.38858 | 16.93987313 | 14.17021 | 15.41395911 | 14.2143 | 17.78482826 |
| 13.5185 | 16.30183859 | 13.26133 | 11.20666152 | 13.22913 | 12.88424243 |
| 14.27839 | 16.85920209 | 14.04021 | 17.5370939 | 13.97349 | 20.519462 |
| 17.5184 | 19.23533071 | 17.28871 | 20.26488623 | 17.2708 | 22.09117352 |
| 14.27839 | 16.85920209 | 14.47944 | 16.03496991 | 15.97456 | 18.84191657 |
| 22.03726 | 19.0551532 | 23.58308 | 13.57151241 | 45.66852 | 17.45252663 |
| 13.94855 | 16.61718899 | 9.296325 | 20.34215381 | -6.24249 | 21.55342356 |
| 12.8484 | 15.81047866 | 15.06626 | 14.27672398 | 23.60508 | 18.69563237 |
| 17.21805 | 19.0153188 | 22.62719 | 19.87076134 | 42.29953 | 25.19356717 |
| 11.02847 | 14.47573975 | 5.960928 | 15.12109879 | -10.9947 | 16.35860867 |
| 13.04836 | 15.95715327 | 5.013645 | 20.86734513 | -22.3664 | 20.67451919 |
| 14.59819 | 17.09388146 | 15.21003 | 14.66248631 | 18.1711 | 17.17292242 |
| 18.81813 | 20.18871565 | 18.71445 | 21.54210912 | 19.14038 | 22.98747445 |
| 13.9682 | 16.63185645 | -1.87962 | 26.51321992 | -56.6283 | 22.53530512 |
| 18.73836 | 20.1300458 | 27.98179 | 15.03186626 | 61.16661 | 20.5321553 |
| 25.51797 | 25.10231495 | 28.01282 | 26.6426654 | 37.56175 | 27.11699505 |
| 11.71841 | 14.98176714 | 12.21809 | 14.52760229 | 14.72871 | 18.63761067 |
| 23.50808 | 23.62823516 | 29.17813 | 24.21616166 | 49.81744 | 27.16181839 |
| 11.17855 | 14.5857457 | 4.74321 | 18.51616792 | -17.0487 | 19.79071048 |
| 19.19821 | 20.4673974 | 31.92215 | 9.341658179 | 77.37524 | 15.16124899 |
| 15.75812 | 17.94459418 | 17.77547 | 18.68875608 | 25.59501 | 22.46377046 |
| 9.718609 | 13.51502108 | -10.4098 | 24.07807638 | -80.1505 | 19.29462365 |
| 14.08829 | 16.71986122 | 16.28107 | 16.50939881 | 24.7176 | 20.80204797 |
| 24.43786 | 24.31027207 | 39.66325 | 13.24190903 | 93.88987 | 18.6084307 |
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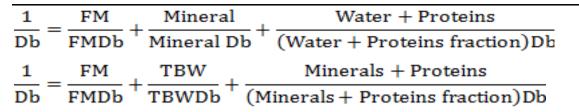
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| 29.88408 | 28.31502935 | 29.91067 | 31.95189946 | 30.77063 | 32.50035729 |
| 35.31728 | 32.28937064 | 35.15219 | 33.84154772 | 35.47558 | 30.90893958 |
| 19.31833 | 20.55540216 | 19.06721 | 24.39665768 | 18.91445 | 29.66758659 |
| 17.25834 | 19.04465372 | 17.56403 | 21.25358891 | 19.37046 | 27.07707476 |

5. RESULTS AND DISCUSSION

The study was able to develop and predict Body density and %Body Fat for Indian subjects. From the results it was seen that Siri 2C results, Siri 3C and Lohman Body Compartment results i.e obtained body density and% Body Fat were very close to the one obtained from Statistical Analysis, i.e. Statistical 2Cmodel, Statistical water molecular level 3C model and Statistical mineral molecular level 3C model. The comparative study of the results is shown in Table 10 and Table 11. The results obtained by Statistical water molecular level 3C model and Statistical mineral molecular level 3C model slightly overestimates the results obtained from Siri 3C model and Lohman 3C model. The above inaccuracy in the results may be due to the fact that Siri 3C water molecular body compartmental equation adjusts body density for relative amount of water in the body whereas Lohman mineral molecular body compartmental equation adjusts body density then found in boys, that resulted in overestimation of %BF. Further, M/FFM ratio differs with age and gender that is also one of the reason for high overestimation of %BF.

6. CONCLUSION

The study was able to develop and predict Body density and %Body Fat for Indian subjects. A similar study was done on Caucasian subjects by Withers et. al where 48 subjects volunteered for the study. Our study is a bit different as we have used Bio Electrical Impedance Analyser for experimental data. In our case 70 subjects volunteered for the study and we have compared Siri 2C model, Siri 3C model and Lohman 3C model with Statisical models developed. Our Lohman's model is not so strongly linearly related, this may be due to the fact discussed above in results i.e. Lohman formulated the following equation to calculate Human body density and Siri formulated the following equation to calculate Human Body Density in its 3C model.



Now water accounts for 74- 79% of FFM whereas mineral 4-7% of FFM. . Lohman equation assumed or overestimated FFM density then found in boys, that resulted in overestimation of %BF. Further, M/FFM ratio differs with age and gender that is also one of the reason for high overestimation of %BF. But still results of body density obtained through Maltron-II BIA Analyser and that obtained through Siri 2C,Siri 3C and Lohman's 3C model are very close to Statical results.

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AUTHOR'S BIOGRAPHY



Prof. Munna Khan":He is a Professor in Electrical Engineering Department. He has guided many Ph.D students and has many awards and research publications to his credit. He did his M.Tech. (Electrical Engineering-Instrumentation and Control) and B.Tech. (Electrical) from Z.H. College of Engineering and Technology A.M.U, Aligarh. He completed his Ph.D in Biomedical Engineering from IIT Delhi. Besides this He has been actively involved in several research projects.





Dr. Shabana Mehfuz: She did her Ph.D in Computer Engineering from J.M.I. She completed her M.Tech in Computer Engineering from I.I.T. Delhi and BSc in Electrical Engineering from Jamia Millia Islamia, New Delhi. She is Associate Professor in Jamia Millia and has many research papers to her credit.

Ghazala Perveen Khan: She did her M.Tech. (Electrical Engineering-Instrumentation and Control) and B.Tech. (Electrical) from Z.H. College of Engineering and Technology A.M.U, Aligarh. She recently submitted Ph.D in Jamia Millia Islamia, India, under the supervision of Prof. Munna Khan and Co-Supervision of Dr. Shabana Mehfuz. She has 9 published papers to her credit, 3 of which are indexed.



P.N. Goswami: He is a director in Satyug Darshan Technical Campus, Faridabad. He completed his PhD. under Prof. Munna Khan, from JMI, New Delhi. He did his M.Tech in Solid States Device from I.I.T. Kanpur and B.E in Electronics Engineering from B.I.T.S, Pilani. He has many research papers to his credit.